

## LEGEND

- 1 Bird Feed Shed – 1898**
- 2 Kite Cage – 1898**  
The Kite Cage was converted into a café in 2005 (usually open school holidays and some Sundays).
- 3 Bear Caves – 1898**  
Take a walk to Perth Zoo's award-winning Sun Bear exhibit in the Asian Rainforest for a comparison between the past and the present.
- 4 Limestone Wall – 1959**
- 5 Tennis Shelters – 1903**  
Located on the main lawn, the shelters are a great place to stop for a rest or to have a picnic.
- 6 Hay Shed – 1898**  
The Hay Shed is now the entrance to the Rainforest Retreat. Enjoy the tranquility of a cascading waterfall amid the sounds and smells of a real rainforest.
- 7 Pump House – 1957**
- 8 Carousel – 1947**  
This historic carousel still offers rides to children. It is open from 10am to 4pm.
- 9 Mineral Baths – 1918**
- 10 Train Station – 1989**  
While there is no longer a train, visitors can go on a personal tour of the Zoo in a Zebra Car. Enquire at the Information Centre.

*The following sites are inaccessible from inside the Zoo grounds:*

- 11 Scout Hall – 1931**  
The Scout Hall can be seen next to the fence opposite Windsor Park.
- 12 Gate to Zoo Residence – 1960s**  
This gate can only be seen through the fence on Mill Point Rd.



Goat cart rides at Perth Zoo circa 1900.

## A QUICK LOOK AT PERTH ZOO'S HISTORY

- 1896** Western Australian Acclimatization Committee formed
- 1898** Perth Zoo opened on 17 October
- 1909** Perth Zoo hosts the Australasian Tennis Open
- 1911** Mineral Baths opened to the public in the Zoo grounds
- 1932** Director Ernest Le Souef retired. State Government takes over Zoo under the State Gardens Board and Louis Shapcott
- 1941** Louis Shapcott retired and new Acclimatization Committee formed
- 1947** Present-day Carousel opened
- 1952** Entry fee increased for the first time since the Zoo opened: adults from 6d to 1/- and children from 3d to 6d
- 1968** Four orang-utans arrived from Malaysia and Sumatran Orang-utan breeding program began; first birth in 1970
- 1968** Zoological Gardens separated from State Gardens Board and is administered in its own right. Tom Spence became first director since Ernest Le Souef's retirement
- 1974** 'No Feeding the Animals' policy instated
- 1982** First Docents started their training
- 1984** Perth Zoo Veterinary Hospital opened
- 1987** Numbat breeding and research program began with first breeding success in 1993
- 1991** African Savannah exhibit opened
- 1995** Makulu, star of 'The Kiss' photograph, became the first Rothschild's Giraffe born in Australia since 1938
- 2006** Zoo-born Sumatran Orang-utan, Temara, released into the wild in Bukit Tigapuluh National Park, Sumatra, Indonesia
- 2007** Tricia the Asian Elephant turned 50
- 2008** Maly became Australia's first captive-born Sun Bear



## PERTH ZOO

# ON THE TRAIL OF HISTORY

Take a walk around Perth Zoo's historic sites



# PERTH ZOO 1898 TO TODAY

Perth Zoo opened on 17 October 1898. The Zoo's founding Director, Ernest Le Souef, planned the exhibits, the gardens and the roads. A massive effort went into preparing the Zoo for its opening.

Early exhibits included a reptile house, bear caves, a guinea pig castle, aviaries, monkey and mammal houses. In its first year, the Zoo was home to an impressive 488 animals including an orang-utan, two monkeys, a pair of lions and one tiger.

Thousands of visitors poured into the Zoo but it wasn't just the animals that made it so popular. The gardens were in a beautiful location and were arguably the best in the state, featuring plants from all parts of the British Empire.

Perth Zoo was – and continues to be – a centre of social recreation. Evening concerts, cricket and tennis matches, animal rides, picnics and even beautiful baby competitions were just some of the activities taking place which made Perth Zoo an important part of the community.

Perth Zoo's journey was not always easy. During the Depression and following World War Two, the Zoo struggled to remain open with many exhibits falling into disrepair.

However, the Zoo survived and today is stronger than ever with many changes and improvements. As a modern zoo, Perth Zoo aims to provide visitors with the opportunity to encounter the natural world and to become involved in conservation action. Along with changes in animal welfare, management and exhibit design, Perth Zoo is striving to ensure the continued survival of animal species in their natural habitat.

